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## DOUBLE TEAMS

### Kuroki and Oku Moving Against Kuropatkin

## PORT ARTHUR MAY WAIT

### What is To Be Done in Manchuria Must Be Done Quickly—A Rumor at St. Petersburg That a General Engagement Has Already Begun.

St. Petersburg, June 20.—The general staff believes it probable that Generals Kuroki and Oku are meditating a combined attack upon General Kuropatkin before he is further reinforced. In order to do this, they must act before the rainy season, which is imminent.

The war office points out that, since it was General Oku and not General Nodzu who fought Lieutenant General Baron Stakelberg at Vafangow, and that since General Oku recently has been directing the siege operations against Port Arthur, the siege seems to have taken a second place in the plans of the Japanese.

There is a rumor in St. Petersburg tonight that a battle at Hai Cheng is actually proceeding and that there have been heavy losses on both sides. There is, however, no confirmation of this rumor.

It has been developed that the Japanese at Vafangow had an accurate topographical map of the whole battlefield, and that their batteries were connected by telephone.

The war office expects news of a fight with General Kuroki. It is believed that General Oku is pursuing General Stakelberg.

## THE FOURTH ARMY.

### To Which Will Be Assigned the Taking of Port Arthur.

Washington, June 20.—An explanation of the Japanese campaign on the Liaotung peninsula, especially with reference to Port Arthur is contained in an advice that has reached this city from a source believed to be absolutely reliable. The Japanese tactics which have so puzzled the Russians are intended to isolate Port Arthur, but they do not contemplate an attack on the place by General Oku's army.

The actual work of reducing Port Arthur will be confided to another Japanese army under command of General Nogi, which will be landed on the peninsula (and indeed may even now be landed) at a point south of General Oku's position and considerably nearer Port Arthur. On the first of June no less than twenty-six transports had been gathered at one of the Japanese ports to embark this army and it is probable that the vessels attacked by the Vladivostok squadron were of this number.

## JAPANESE GOING SOUTH.

### But They Are Also Making a Suspicious Westward Movement.

St. Petersburg, June 20.—The emperor has received the following dispatch from General Kuropatkin: "The enemy in the direction of Saimatzze and Feng Wang Cheng have not only stopped, but have made a retrograde movement. They have evacuated several points towards the north of Feng Wang Cheng which until recently they occupied."

"The movement of the Japanese troops toward Dalme defile has been stopped, but a rather important movement of Japanese forces has been discovered in the direction of Siu Yen and Hai Cheng or Siu Yen and Tashichiao."

## IT HAD TO BE DONE.

### The Torpedoing of the Japanese Transports.

Vladivostok, June 20.—The whole city is following the operation of the Vladivostok squadron with feverish interest. It is believed that the Japanese transports sunk in the straits of Korea, by Russian warships were conveying a portion of the fourth army. There was no alternative except to torpedo the Hitachi and Izumi as their crews refused to surrender.

The British collier, captured by the Russians, has been brought to this port. She has on board 6,500 tons of anthracite coal. The prize court has assembled to try her.

## THE LOSS AT VAFANGOW.

London, June 20.—A correspondent of the Central News at Mukden says it has been officially announced that the Russian loss at the battle of Vafangow was about seventeen officers and 519 men killed, ninety-seven officers and 1,588 men wounded and twelve officers and 793 men missing.

## FIXED FOR A SIEGE.

Indianapolis, June 20.—The Indianapolis News dispatch from Hector Fuller, its correspondent at Che Foo says: "After five days in a Russian prison at Port Arthur I was released, put aboard a Chinese junk, and sent to Che Foo. Reports of starvation in Port Arthur are untrue. Stores are constantly arriving from Chinese ports."

"The Japanese blockade is ineffective. The Port Arthur garrison consists of between 50,000 and 60,000. Immense new forts have been constructed. In my opinion the place is in no immediate danger of falling into the hands of the Japanese."

## RUSSIANS GONE NORTH.

Tokio, June 20.—The Russian Vladivostok squadron did not come into the strait of Korea today. A suspicion of the squadron's presence was based on the flashing of search-lights off Oku island last night. It is believed that the Russians have again swung to the north.

## A SIGN OF A BATTLE.

Liao Yang, June 20.—A general engagement is proceeding at New Kia chu. The first train bearing wounded has passed through here northbound.

## IT IS SETTLED

### Fairbanks Will Be the Nominee for Vice-President

## REASON HE IS SILENT

### The Indiana Man Desired the Party to Be Obligated to Him—A Possible Discharge of the Obligation Four Years Hence.

Chicago, June 20.—The nomination of Senator Chas. W. Fairbanks for vice-president, was regarded as settled to-night when New York decided to cast her seventy-eight votes for him. While it has seemed a foregone conclusion for some time that the Indiana senator would be Roosevelt's running mate, there have been efforts made to bring out other candidates and start a stampede of delegates for some other man. These attempts failed almost in their inception and it early became apparent that Fairbanks was the choice of most of the delegates. New York's action was more formal than that of the other states and practically settled all doubt, even among those who were opposed to the Indiana man.

Considerable criticism has been directed at Fairbanks because of his failure to definitely declare his position. All that it has been possible to obtain from him was a statement that he did not consider the honor one which a man should seek or decline and if the party wanted him and needed him, he would accept, although he was not a candidate and would not allow the Indiana delegation to express itself in favor of his nomination. This attitude seemed to irritate some of the leaders, who saw no reason why the senator should not come squarely out with a formal statement.

## LOOKING TO THE FUTURE.

There was some dealing in futures in the vice-presidential game today. Senator Fairbanks' friends were of the opinion that if he expressed either a desire for the nomination or a disinclination to accept the place such action would be used against him four years hence if he should be a candidate for the presidency.

By pursuing the course he has adopted, the party call they think he has obligated the party to him. Had he been an aspirant for the place they argue, the obligation would be the other way. In trying to "smoke out" Senator Fairbanks, it is claimed, that the party leaders who have been active with the names of other men wanted to make it plain that no obligation was created by naming Fairbanks for the place. While this is all very remote from the present situation, it is regarded as showing that the conditions surrounding the selection of Mr. Roosevelt as vice-president four years ago are still fresh in the minds of the republican politicians. At the same time they do not agree that precedent was created four years ago or will be created by nominating Fairbanks at this convention.

## THE TAFT BOOM.

During the day former Secretary Long sprung the name of Secretary Taft and the Massachusetts men went forth and discussed the suggestion with other delegates. Ohio received the statement that it was unfair to Secretary Taft to bring him out at this time, and further that Ohio had decided to support Fairbanks, who is a native of that state.

Complimentary ballots will be cast for many favorite sons, although it is well known that the Indiana senator will be nominated. Colorado will vote for John W. Spencer, Illinois for Robert R. Hitt, Missouri for Cyrus P. Walbridge, Nebraska for John L. Webster, and Wisconsin for former Governor Edward Schofield. No doubt before the ballot is completed all these states will change and cast their votes for Senator Fairbanks, making his nomination unanimous.

Indiana, acting upon the wishes of the senator, will not present his name, but it is expected that other states are ready to do so. Possibly the nomination will come from Alabama, the first state on the roll.

With the time occupied in the caucuses of the state delegations which, with a few exceptions, were mere ratification meetings held to approve state convention programmes, the day preceding the opening of the republican national convention has been the quietest ever known as the forerunner of similar gatherings. Senators and representatives in congress were as thick on the streets and in hotel lobbies as they are in the national capital when a particularly uneventful or dry debate is in progress in congress.

Figures prominent in the political strife of former national conventions were everywhere. They mingled with delegates and others not on the inside and talked of everything which promised even momentary interest.

## A DULL PROGRAMME.

When the leaders reached Chicago a few days ago they found nothing for them to do. The programme for the convention was mapped out weeks ago, and their was a full realization that it was unalterable. The principal diversions were offered by the caucuses of the Iowa, Illinois and Washington delegations. Governor Cummins presented to the Hawkeye delegation the "Iowa idea" in an entirely new dress. It was in the form of a plank setting forth the "idea" as a declaration for reciprocity and a reduction of tariff schedules. It was rejected by the delegation, and this sounded its death knell so far as the present convention is concerned. In the Illinois caucus, the contest was for the chairmanship of the delegation. Senator Cullum was opposed by Governor Yates' faction, but won out handily. It is conceded that this defeat would have prevented his re-election to the senate.

In the Washington caucus Senator

Ankeny was elected national committeeman against the combined opposition of former committeeman James M. Ashton and J. S. McMillan, both of whom are candidates for position.

What has properly been termed the "Indiana puzzle" was one of the features of the day. The caucus of the Hoosier state met to determine their course in regard to the boom for Senator Fairbanks for the vice presidency. Senator Fairbanks attended the meeting and addressed the delegates. He talked for fifteen minutes, the meeting adjourned, and the delegation was no wiser concerning his wishes, beyond the reiteration of his statement that he did not desire his state to present his name for the vice presidency.

## THOSE WHO HAVE PASSED.

Expressions of genuine regret at the absence of faces familiar at similar gatherings, four, eight and twelve years ago are heard on every side. Men who have played leading roles in the art of making tickets and platforms, men whose personality, shrewdness or qualifications of persuasiveness have changed, entire states or seasons and countries are missed in hotel lobbies and various headquarters. Some of these have figured in republican conventions for a quarter of a century, notably the late Senator Matthew S. Quay of Pennsylvania, and the late Wm. J. Sewell of New Jersey. One whose absence is felt more, perhaps, than that of any other man, is the late Senator Hanna, though his debut on the political stage was of more recent date. Numerous pictures of the late senator attest his popularity.

But absence of the great men mentioned does not indicate that the cast of the play which opens at the coliseum tomorrow has been weakened. In the shoes of the men who have passed away are politicians equally astute, who have had their training at master hands. They may not be so well known in national affairs and their names are not so effective to conjure with, but they are ready and competent to perform any task that tasks. The only difficulty is that the task is not there.

## LITTLE CONTESTS.

Contests worthy of name are utterly lacking. The fights between LaFollette and the "stiltwart" factions in Wisconsin, the contest between the Adickes and anti-Adickes factions in Delaware, are between the "Lily White" and "The Black and Tan" factions of the southern states were disposed of with so much dispatch that they failed to furnish gossip for the convention.

About all that was left to feed the craving of the delegates for excitement and furnish a topic of conversation was the question of how long Senator Fairbanks' inscrutable silence would continue.

## AN IMPROVED OUTLOOK

### Speculators Feel Confidence in the Stock Market.

New York, June 20.—An important volume of business was done in the stock market today but the tone was plainly firm and confidence over the prospect for values was thereby fostered.

## STOCKS.

Atchison, 72; do pfd., 94½; N. J. Central, 160; C. & O., 31; St. Paul, 177; Big Four, 63½; C. & S., 15; do 1st pfd., 48; do 2nd pfd., 19; Erie, 23½; Manhattan, 147½; Metropolitan, 119½; Missouri Pacific, 92; New York Central, 115½; Pennsylvania, 115½; St. L. & S. W., 2nd pfd., 44½; Southern Pacific, 46; Union Pacific, 91; Amal. Copper, 59½; Sugar, 126½; Anaconda, 73; U. S. Steel, 94½; do pfd., 54½; Western Union, 88.

## U. S. BONDS.

U. S. Ref., 2-s., reg., 104½; coupon, 105½; 3-s., reg., 105½; coupon, 106½; new 4-s., reg., 132½; coupon, 133½; old 4-s., reg., 106½; coupon, 107½.

## BIG WATER ENTERPRISE.

### San Diego's Growth Makes Increase of Water Facilities Necessary—Will Cost \$2,000,000.

San Diego, June 20.—Mr. John D. Spreckles, who has been here for the past two weeks looking over the city's water system of which he is the principal owner, has decided to expend the sum of \$2,000,000 in developing water and extending the present system. This course is practically imperative because of San Diego's rapid growth. At the present time the water system is inadequate for the city's needs and this fact has led many owners of new additions that have been recently placed on the market to develop water on these tracts to supply lot owners in said tracts.

A conspicuous example of this kind is the water development that is taking place on Mission Bay Heights. The owners of this tract, the Mission Bay Land Co., gave a contract the latter part of May for sinking wells on their tract and on the second day of June they struck a big underground flow of water that will give to the lot owners of this tract a practically inexhaustible supply of water. The success of the Mission Bay Heights owners in their enterprise has already had the effect of stiffening land values in that part of San Diego, for it is believed they have discovered a hitherto unsuspected underground stream of big capacity and necessarily it means much to property owners in that locality.

## MUNROE-JEFFRIES.

### Forefets Put up for the Adjourned Meeting.

San Francisco, June 20.—Representatives of Jeffries and Munroe tonight each placed \$2,500 with Harry Corbett as a guarantee that the pugilists will appear in the ring here in the last week of August. Each side will post an additional \$2,500 on August 1st.

## PARKER'S GOOSE

### If Not Cooked Received a Heating Up Last Night

## THE BRYAN PROTESTANTS

### It Is Concluded That the New York Judge Will Not Do—Mr. Bryan Mentions Hearst's Name but Declines to Speak of His Availability.

New York, June 20.—Cooper Union was crowded tonight at the anti-Parker convention called by some of those who do not concur in the Parker instructions given at the New York state convention. W. J. Bryan was the principal speaker and when he appeared on the platform he was enthusiastically applauded. Before making his address he said he would not name his favorite candidate for president, but he made a savage attack on the reorganizers and vigorously opposed the nomination of Judge Parker, who was held up as the candidate of corporations and not of the people.

Judge Samuel Seabury, of the city court, who presided, spoke of Parker as the candidate of "plutocracy." He advised the meeting to repudiate Parker and urged the sending of a delegation to St. Louis to protest against his nomination and to assure the convention that if it nominated Parker it could not carry the state of New York.

The platform adopted at the meeting opens by condemning the expansion policy of the republican administration. In speaking of the recent democratic convention, the platform recites that the convention instructed for Parker by a vote of 301 to 149 and that many of those who voted against this resolution of instruction represented the democratic districts of the state where an enthusiastic support of the nominee is essential to party success. The platform goes on to say Parker's candidacy is discredited by the character of his sponsors and that neither he nor those who spoke for him have presented his candidacy so as even to deserve success.

The platform continues: "Judge Parker is silent. Senator Hill speaks for him. We know Senator Hill's record. As governor of the state of New York he blocked the secret ballot. As senator he opposed his party's position on the tariff and the income tax. The people of New York, expressed their opinion of Senator Hill when he was beaten for the office of governor in 1894 by 156,000 votes. Neither harmony, confidence, nor success can now follow his discredited leadership."

"Judge Parker is the candidate of the tariff beneficiaries, imperialists, monopolists and those who profit by special privileges and seek to uphold them as vested rights. The present issue is whether the beneficiaries of special privileges shall control the government or whether it shall be administered for the protection of the rights of all the people."

The party should refuse to follow the leadership of such men as August Belmont, declares the resolutions, adding that the Albany platform failed to make a single issue with the republican policies, contained no denunciation of "President Roosevelt's usurpation of power," no reference to the breach of faith with Colombia, no opposition to the government of colonies by the republic and no condemnation of monopolies in private hands.

The platform adopted tonight denounces the protection of monopoly by tariff and concludes: "Be it resolved, that a committee of twenty-five, of which the chair shall be one, be appointed by the chair to present this protest to the St. Louis convention." In the course of the resolutions, this declaration is made as to the candidate: "The candidate of the democratic party must be a man who has stated his principles and who can be trusted to apply them with firmness and courage."

Win Mr. Bryan rose and gave an ovation. In part he said: "I want to say that until you have an election at which Judge Parker gets more votes than I did, I shall insist on coming back here. I am entitled to say that the doctrines that we cherish in the west are not so popular here."

"I believe that the national convention should not nominate the man whom your state convention has recommended. The great question this year is not the money question; but it is whether we are to have a plutocracy or a democracy. My position is that I

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## STANDING PAT

### Few Concessions to Tariff Revisionists in Platform

## THE STATEHOOD PLANK

### The Arizonians Opposing Any Declaration by the Convention, While Oklahoma and New Mexico Delegates Want Joint Statehood Endorsement.

Chicago, June 20.—The men who are to examine the platform of the national republican party, which has been in possession of Senator Lodge for several days, have been selected by the various state delegations and there is practically no doubt that the declaration for protection will be emphatic and that there will be but little comfort for tariff revisionists. A pledge to make changes in the schedules when such changes are necessary is the only concession that will be made by the "stand patters." Possibly the wording may be changed and those who have been talking revision may secure the use of the word "revised" to express the idea that is to be conveyed but even this is considered doubtful. A majority is against having anything like a general revision of the tariff suggested, and will contend for the words "changes in tariff schedules" when "conditions make it necessary," as ample to cover all that is intended by the republican party. Senator Hansbrough, who intends to offer a provision for a revision declaration has not received much support. Only Oregon seems to have approved the revision idea, the senator's own state delegation refusing to give him support.

An effort is being made to secure the incorporation of an anti-polygamy resolution in the platform by the various women's organizations that have been so active in their fight to unseat Senator Smoot of Utah. It is felt, however, that there is a possibility that any declaration might materially injure republican prospects in several western states, where there is a large Mormon vote. Among other suggestions that will be made, is one which declares for international arbitration.

The territories are in a turmoil about a declaration as to admission. New Mexico and some Oklahoma men want a declaration in favor of the bill which has passed the house and is pending in the senate, providing for the admission of Arizona and New Mexico as one state and Oklahoma and Indian Territory as another. The Arizona delegates are very much opposed to anything being done, while the Indian Territory delegates say that statehood is so remote that they want a declaration in favor of home rule in appointments in the territories.

## PRINCETON ATHLETES

### Won By a Hair the Dual Meet With Chicago.

Chicago, June 20.—Princeton university today defeated the University of Chicago in the first outdoor track field dual meet ever held between representatives of the two universities. Out of a total of fourteen points, only the first place figuring in the count. Princeton secured seven and a half points, while Chicago finished with six and a half.

The result of the meet junct in the balance until the finish of the half mile run—the last track event, when Williams of Princeton and his team mate Addison crossed the tape only 30 yards ahead of Cahill of Chicago.

## WEATHER TODAY.

Washington, June 20.—The weather forecast for Arizona: Fair Tuesday, and Wednesday.

## NO RELIEF FOR HOWARD

Frankfort, Ky., June 20.—The court of appeals today overruled the petition for a rehearing in the case of James B. Howard versus the Commonwealth, who was given a life sentence on the charge of murdering William Goebel. The petition says nothing of an appeal to the United States supreme court.

## ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

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